

Representative Karianne Lisonbee proposes the following substitute bill:

OFFICE OF THE EDUCATION OMBUDSMAN

2022 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee

Senate Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill creates the Office of the Education Ombudsman.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ creates the Office of the Education Ombudsman (office) in the governor's office;
- ▶ requires the office to report to the Education Interim Committee;
- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ creates the Education Ombudsman Appointing Committee and establishes membership;
- ▶ establishes the duties of the office;
- ▶ enacts provisions governing liability and protected communications of the office;
- ▶ enacts provisions governing office confidentiality and privilege;
- ▶ amends provisions protecting certain records created or submitted to the office; and
- ▶ makes conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None



Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

53E-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 64, 251, and 351

63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 148, 179, 231, 353, 373,
and 382

ENACTS:

53E-10-801, Utah Code Annotated 1953

53E-10-802, Utah Code Annotated 1953

53E-10-803, Utah Code Annotated 1953

53E-10-804, Utah Code Annotated 1953

53E-10-805, Utah Code Annotated 1953

53E-10-806, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **53E-1-201** is amended to read:

53E-1-201. Reports to and action required of the Education Interim Committee.

(1) In accordance with applicable provisions and Section **68-3-14**, the following
recurring reports are due to the Education Interim Committee:

(a) the report described in Section **9-22-109** by the STEM Action Center Board,
including the information described in Section **9-22-113** on the status of the computer science
initiative and Section **9-22-114** on the Computing Partnerships Grants Program;

(b) the prioritized list of data research described in Section **35A-14-302** and the report
on research described in Section **35A-14-304** by the Utah Data Research Center;

(c) the report described in Section **35A-15-303** by the State Board of Education on
preschool programs;

(d) the report described in Section **53B-1-402** by the Utah Board of Higher Education
on career and technical education issues and addressing workforce needs;

(e) the annual report of the Utah Board of Higher Education described in Section
53B-1-402;

(f) the reports described in Section **53B-28-401** by the Utah Board of Higher Education
regarding activities related to campus safety;

- (g) the State Superintendent's Annual Report by the state board described in Section 53E-1-203;
- (h) the annual report described in Section 53E-2-202 by the state board on the strategic plan to improve student outcomes;
- (i) the report described in Section 53E-8-204 by the state board on the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;
- (j) the report described in Section 53E-10-703 by the Utah Leading through Effective, Actionable, and Dynamic Education director on research and other activities;
- (k) the report described in Section 53F-4-203 by the state board and the independent evaluator on an evaluation of early interactive reading software;
- (l) the report described in Section 53F-4-407 by the state board on UPSTART;
- (m) the reports described in Sections 53F-5-214 and 53F-5-215 by the state board related to grants for professional learning and grants for an elementary teacher preparation assessment; ~~and~~
- (n) the report described in Section 53F-5-405 by the State Board of Education regarding an evaluation of a partnership that receives a grant to improve educational outcomes for students who are low income~~[-]; and~~
- (o) the report described in Section 53E-10-806 by the education ombudsman.
- (2) In accordance with applicable provisions and Section 68-3-14, the following occasional reports are due to the Education Interim Committee:
- (a) the report described in Section 35A-15-303 by the School Readiness Board by November 30, 2020, on benchmarks for certain preschool programs;
- (b) the report described in Section 53B-28-402 by the Utah Board of Higher Education on or before the Education Interim Committee's November 2021 meeting;
- (c) the reports described in Section 53E-3-520 by the state board regarding cost centers and implementing activity based costing;
- (d) if required, the report described in Section 53E-4-309 by the state board explaining the reasons for changing the grade level specification for the administration of specific assessments;
- (e) if required, the report described in Section 53E-5-210 by the state board of an adjustment to the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment;

(f) in 2022 and in 2023, on or before November 30, the report described in Subsection 53E-10-309(7) related to the PRIME pilot program;

(g) the report described in Section 53E-10-702 by Utah Leading through Effective, Actionable, and Dynamic Education;

(h) if required, the report described in Section 53F-2-513 by the state board evaluating the effects of salary bonuses on the recruitment and retention of effective teachers in high poverty schools;

(i) upon request, the report described in Section 53F-5-207 by the state board on the Intergenerational Poverty Intervention Grants Program;

(j) the report described in Section 53F-5-210 by the state board on the Educational Improvement Opportunities Outside of the Regular School Day Grant Program;

(k) the report described in Section 53G-7-503 by the state board regarding fees that LEAs charge during the 2020-2021 school year;

(l) the reports described in Section 53G-11-304 by the state board regarding proposed rules and results related to educator exit surveys;

(m) the report described in Section 62A-15-117 by the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, the State Board of Education, and the Department of Health regarding recommendations related to Medicaid reimbursement for school-based health services; and

(n) the reports described in Section 63C-19-202 by the Higher Education Strategic Planning Commission.

Section 2. Section 53E-10-801 is enacted to read:

Part 8. Office of the Education Ombudsman

53E-10-801. Definitions.

As used in this part:

(1) "Committee" means the Education Ombudsman Appointing Committee created in Section 53E-10-802.

(2) "Office" means the Office of the Education Ombudsman created in Section 53E-10-802.

(3) "Ombudsman" means the individual appointed under Section 53E-10-802.

Section 3. Section 53E-10-802 is enacted to read:

53E-10-802. Office of the Education Ombudsman -- Appointing committee.

119 (1) There is created in the governor's office the Office of the Education Ombudsman.

120 (2) The committee shall appoint an individual with a background and expertise in state
121 and federal elementary and secondary education law and policy to:

122 (a) serve as the ombudsman; and

123 (b) direct the office.

124 (3) An individual serving as the ombudsman:

125 (a) is an exempt employee; and

126 (b) may be terminated without cause by an action of the committee.

127 (4) (a) There is created the Education Ombudsman Appointing Committee.

128 (b) The committee shall consist of the following seven members:

129 (i) a member of the Senate majority caucus who represents rural areas of the state,
130 appointed by the president of the Senate;

131 (ii) a member of the Senate majority caucus who represents urban areas of the state,
132 appointed by the president of the Senate;

133 (iii) a member of the Senate minority caucus, appointed by the president of the Senate;

134 (iv) a member of the House of Representatives majority caucus who represents rural
135 areas of the state, appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;

136 (v) a member of the House of Representatives who represents urban areas of the state,
137 appointed by the speaker of House of Representatives;

138 (vi) a member of the House of Representatives minority caucus, appointed by the
139 speaker of the House of Representatives; and

140 (vii) the governor or the governor's designee.

141 (c) (i) The president of Senate shall appoint one of the members described in
142 Subsection (1)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii) as cochair of the commission.

143 (ii) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint one of the members
144 described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv), (v), or (vi) as cochair of the commission.

145 (d) The salary and expenses of a commission member who is a legislator shall be paid
146 in accordance with Section [36-2-2](#) and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3, Legislative
147 Compensation and Expenses.

148 (e) A committee member who is not a legislator may not receive compensation for the
149 member's service on the commission, but may receive per diem and reimbursement for travel

expenses incurred as a commission member at the rates established by the Division of Finance under:

- (i) Sections [63A-3-106](#) and [63A-3-107](#); and
- (ii) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections [63A-3-106](#) and [63A-3-107](#).

(f) (i) A majority of the commission members constitutes a quorum.

(ii) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the commission.

(g) The office of the governor shall provide staff support to the commission.

Section 4. Section **53E-10-803** is enacted to read:

53E-10-803. Duties.

(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the office shall:

(a) develop and maintain expertise in state and federal kindergarten, elementary, and secondary education law;

(b) develop parental involvement materials, including instructional guides to inform parents of:

(i) the core standards implemented in accordance with Section [53E-4-202](#);

(ii) a statewide assessment, as defined in Section [53E-4-301](#);

(iii) education governance and administration, including the respective roles of the Legislature, state board, an LEA governing board, LEA administrators, school administrators, and parents;

(iv) the requirements of Title 53, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;

(v) a program or curriculum that, under a state law or a policy or rule, a parent has a right to consent to before a student may participate in the program or receive the curriculum;

(vi) school discipline regulations and procedures as described in Title 53G, Chapter 8, Discipline and Safety; and

(vii) resources to support parents in assisting with their student's education;

(c) provide information to students, parents, and members of the public regarding the state's kindergarten, elementary, and secondary school system;

(d) facilitate the resolution of complaints made by parents, students, and, except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), teachers with regard to the state's kindergarten, elementary, and secondary education system; and

(e) refer complaints, if necessary, or individuals who need further assistance to appropriate state and federal agencies or resources.

(2) The office may not:

(a) facilitate complaints concerning the following:

(i) an elected member of the state board or an LEA governing board;

(ii) an allegation or complaint in which the investigation or resolution of is governed by Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure; or

(iii) a complaint regarding an individualized education program or Section 504 accommodation plan; or

(b) respond to inquiries or complaints about:

(i) a private school;

(ii) a preschool;

(iii) a childcare center;

(iv) a public or private institution of higher education; or

(v) any other private organization, business, or entity.

(3) The office may not charge a fee.

Section 5. Section **53E-10-804** is enacted to read:

53E-10-804. Liability for good faith performance -- Communications protected.

(1) Neither the ombudsman nor an employee of the office is liable for good faith performance of responsibilities under this part.

(2) (a) Neither the office nor an individual attorney employed by the office, if any, may represent a person in a legal action that arises from or relates to a matter addressed in this part.

(b) An action by an attorney employed by the office, if any, does not create an attorney-client relationship between the office or the office's attorney and a person.

(3) (a) No discriminatory, disciplinary, or retaliatory action may be taken against any student, employee of an LEA, or an employee of the state board, for any communication made, or information given or disclosed, to aid an employee of the office in carrying out the employee's duties and responsibilities, unless the communication is made, or information is given or disclosed, without good faith or maliciously.

(b) The provisions of Subsection (3)(a) do not prohibit an LEA or the state board from supervising, disciplining, or terminating an employee for reasons other than those described in

Subsection (3)(a).

(4) (a) A communication by the ombudsman or an employee of the office, if reasonably related to duties and responsibilities as described in this part, and done in good faith, are privileged.

(b) The privilege created in Subsection (4)(a) is a defense to any action in libel or slander.

Section 6. Section **53E-10-805** is enacted to read:

53E-10-805. Confidentiality.

(1) The office shall treat all matters, including the identities of parents, students, complainants, and individuals from whom information is acquired, as confidential, except as necessary to enable the office to perform the duties as described in this part.

(2) Upon receipt of information that by law is confidential or privileged, the office:

(a) shall maintain the confidentiality; and

(b) may not disclose or disseminate the information except as provided by applicable state or federal law.

Section 7. Section **53E-10-806** is enacted to read:

53E-10-806. Report.

(1) No later than November 1, the ombudsman shall, in accordance with Section [68-3-14](#), report annually to the Education Interim Committee.

(2) The report shall include:

(a) by district and aggregated across the state:

(i) what services of the office have been requested and by whom without identifying individual requestors; and

(ii) an accounting of the most frequent type of conflicts the office is asked to help resolve;

(b) materials and trainings the office has created or conducted in the last year;

(c) recommendations to eliminate barriers and obstacles to meaningful parent and community involvement in public education; and

(d) any other information requested by the Education Interim Committee.

Section 8. Section **63G-2-305** is amended to read:

63G-2-305. Protected records.

The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:

(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;

(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person if:

(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;

(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than the public in obtaining access; and

(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;

(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;

(4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);

(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, employment, or academic examinations;

(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:

(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:

(i) an invitation for bids;

(ii) a request for proposals;

(iii) a request for quotes;

274 (iv) a grant; or
275 (v) other similar document; or
276 (b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section [63G-6a-712](#);
277 (7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
278 information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict
279 the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
280 (a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
281 awarded and signed by all parties; or
282 (b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
283 subject of the request for information; and
284 (ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is
285 issued;
286 (8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real
287 or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition
288 before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
289 (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
290 governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
291 (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
292 duty of confidentiality to the entity;
293 (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
294 property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
295 (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
296 property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value
297 of the property; or
298 (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
299 and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire
300 the property as required under Section [78B-6-505](#);
301 (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other
302 compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if
303 disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value
304 of the subject property, unless:

(a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or

(b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;

(10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:

(a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;

(b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;

(c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;

(d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or

(e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;

(11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;

(12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;

(13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;

(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of

Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's jurisdiction;

(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with audits or collections;

(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until the final audit is released;

(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;

(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer, employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;

(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or from a member of the Legislature; and

(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and

(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection with the preparation of legislation between:

(A) members of a legislative body;

(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or

(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and

(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;

(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and

(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such

time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;

(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in response to these requests;

(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;

(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:

(a) collective bargaining; or

(b) imminent or pending litigation;

(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;

(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;

(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;

(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

(28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;

(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;

(30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final

recommendations in these areas;

(31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;

(32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;

(33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;

(34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;

(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;

(36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;

(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:

(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;

(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and

(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority

over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;

(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;

(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section 34A-2-205;

(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:

(i) unpublished lecture notes;

(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:

(A) relating to research; and

(B) of:

(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102; or

(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;

(iii) unpublished manuscripts;

(iv) creative works in process;

(v) scholarly correspondence; and

(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;

(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and

(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;

(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and

(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and made public;

(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other document that indicates the location of:

(a) a production facility; or

(b) a magazine;

(43) information:

(a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or

(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;

(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;

(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the National Guard's federal mission;

(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;

(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by the Department of Agriculture and Food;

(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section 63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of which would jeopardize:

(a) the safety of the general public; or

(b) the security of:

(i) governmental property;

(ii) governmental programs; or

(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency Management information;

(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control

491 of Animal Disease;

492 (50) as provided in Section 26-39-501:

493 (a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint
494 regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to
495 substantiate; and

496 (b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
497 from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;

498 (51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
499 provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
500 personal mobile phone number, if:

501 (a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
502 ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and

503 (b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
504 kept confidential due to:

505 (i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and

506 (ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;

507 (52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
508 mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone number
509 where the candidate may be contacted:

510 (a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,
511 described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405, 20A-9-408,
512 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;

513 (b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or

514 (c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section
515 20A-9-408;

516 (53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
517 that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:

518 (a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
519 53B-1-102; and

520 (b) conducted using animals;

521 (54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance

Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to recommend that the voters retain a judge including information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);

(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public, the information or report;

(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63L-11-202;

(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;

(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:

(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or

(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or municipality;

(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:

(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;

(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;

(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final

investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;

(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, or audit program; or

(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an investigation or audit;

(60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;

(61) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 58-68-304(3) and (4);

(62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;

(63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;

(64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim, including:

(a) a victim's application or request for benefits;

(b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and

(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to, evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim Reparations Fund;

(65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that term is defined in Section 62A-2-101, except for recordings that:

(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;

(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;

(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against

a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;

(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f); or

(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;

(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly announced finalist;

(67) an audio recording that is:

(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition;

(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:

(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening condition; and

(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and

(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve their response to an emergency situation;

(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position with the Legislature;

(69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;

(70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency under Section 61-1-206;

(71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section 31A-37-201;

(72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;

(73) any record created by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing as

a result of Subsection 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);

(74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury involving an amusement ride;

(75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition, including a petition or request described in the following titles:

(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;

(b) Title 17, Counties;

(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts;

(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and

(e) Title 20A, Election Code;

(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a voter registration record;

(77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;

(78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5, Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;

(79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Subsection 31A-48-103(1)(b);

(80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;

(81) (a) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail, unless:

(i) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;

(ii) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image after determining that:

(A) the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an individual or to public safety; and

(B) releasing or disseminating the image will assist in apprehending the individual or

646 reducing or eliminating the threat; or

647 (iii) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
648 release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest[-];

649 (82) a record:

650 (a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;

651 (b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
652 representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section

653 [63M-14-205](#); and

654 (c) the disclosure of which would:

655 (i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
656 Colorado River system;

657 (ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
658 negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River
659 system; or

660 (iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
661 regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system; [~~and~~]

662 (83) any part of an application described in Section [63N-16-201](#) that the Governor's
663 Office of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
664 disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83) may
665 not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval decision[-]; and

666 (84) a record generated in the facilitation of a resolution of a complaint in accordance
667 with Section [53E-10-803](#).